CULTURE AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY, A COMPONENT UNIT OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010



CULTURE AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Board of Commissioners Culture and Heritage Commission of York County Rock Hill, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Culture and Heritage Commission of York County, a component unit of York County, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Culture and Heritage Foundation discretely presented component unit, which represents 100 percent of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component unit, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Culture and Heritage Commission of York County as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated April 28, 2011 on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, Budgetary Comparison Information, and Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post Employment Benefits Plan, as listed in the Table of Contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Greenwood, South Carolina April 28, 2011 Eurost Davis LIC

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSION AND ANALYSIS ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA

As management of the Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County, we offer readers of the Commission's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. The Commission implemented Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, and effective fiscal year-end 2003.

The Commission is the governing body for the Museum of York County, a general purpose museum; Historic Brattonsville, a living history museum; and the McCelvey Center, a performing arts venue and historical archive. Our mission is to create an enlightened and engaged citizenry by keeping, communicating, and connecting our cultural, historical and natural heritage in ways that promote deeper understanding of people and place.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the Cultural and Heritage Commission exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$3,085,934(net assets).
- Fund Balance for the Cultural and Heritage Commission at the beginning of the year was \$524,973 and \$628,524 at the end of the year, reflecting an increase of \$103,551. The increase was due to a decrease in expenditures.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, of the Commission's \$628,524 fund balance, \$543,322 is unreserved and available for use within the Commission's designation and policies.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. The Commission's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and, 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the Commission's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the Commission's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in the future fiscal periods (i.e., capital reimbursement from the county, grants for events that occurred near the end of the fiscal year, and earned but unused compensated absences).

Both of the government-wide financial statements represent the activities of the Commission, which is comprised of the Museum of York County, Historic Brattonsville, and the McCelvey Center. These activities include exhibits, programming and performances throughout the year. All financial statements of the Commission represent governmental activities only as there are no business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Commission are governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current sources and uses of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Commission maintains two governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund. Data from the other fund is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 12 through 23 of this report.

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the commission's financial position. In the case of the Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$3,085,934 as of June 30, 2010.

The largest portion of the Commission's net assets reflects its investments in capital assets (collections, land, buildings, construction in progress). The Commission uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending.

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY'S NET ASSETS

	2010	2009
Current and other assets	\$ 1,044,503	\$ 1,141,722
Capital assets	3,168,115	3,072,692
Total assets	4,212,618	4,214,414
Less: Current liabilities	415,979	616,799
Less: Long-term liabilities	710,705	464,877
Less: Total liabilities	1,126,684	1,081,676
	2	
Invested in capital assets	3,168,115	3,072,692
Restricted	18,056	18,056
Unrestricted (defiicit)	(100,237)	42,040
Total net assets	\$ 3,085,934	\$ 3,132,788

A small portion of the Commission's net assets (0.6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S OPERATIONS

The following table provides a summary of the Commission's operations for the year ended June 30, 2010.

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY'S CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

		2010	10	2009		
Revenues:	-		3			
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	363,523	\$	372,552		
Operating grants and contributions		83,052		100,229		
General Revenues:						
Appropriations		3,118,295		2,761,882		
Miscellaneous		1,860		4,327		
Investment earnings		6,389		13,808		
Culture and Heritage Foundation		283,764		975,700		
Fundraisers		106,097		114,806		
Memberships		86,927		95,180		
Gifts	S-10-10	110,123		129,256		
Total revenues	\$	4,160,030	<u>\$</u>	4,567,740		
Expenses:						
Cultural and recreational	\$	4,206,884	\$	4,224,339		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	<u>\$</u>	(46,854)	<u>\$</u>	343,401		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the Cultural and Heritage Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. This information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of an entity's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$628,524. Approximately 86% of this total amount (\$543,322) constitutes unreserved fund balance. The remainder of the fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed.

The Commission is partially funded by the Culture and Heritage Foundation, Inc. (CHF), which exists solely for the purpose of supporting the Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County through fundraising, upper-levels of membership, corporate membership and solicited gifts. The net proceeds from these activities are shown in the Program Resources-Culture and Heritage Foundation line. The Commission receives the majority of its revenues from government sources with the balance coming from programs and contributions through the CHF.

The expenses for the Commission can be broken down into two components: operating and program. The operating costs include utilities, management salaries, marketing & advertising while the program costs are composed of costs directly related to offering public programming at the three sites.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2010 amounted to \$3,168,115 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and building improvements, equipment, and construction in progress. During the fiscal year, the Commission invested \$186,389 in capital assets.

In previous years collections, consisting of works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets held for public exhibition, educations and research services, had been included in capital assets. The Commission no longer capitalizes collection items as it is not cost beneficial to establish or estimate the amount at which the collection should be capitalized.

Additional information on the Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on page 18 of this report.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

The financial report is designed to provide the readers of the financial statements a general overview of the Commission's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact the Department of Finance at atucker@chmuseums.org or call (803) 329-2121.

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2010

	Primary	Component
	Government	Unit
*.		Culture and
	Governmental	Heritage
	Activities	Foundation
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 717,999	\$ 41,620
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted	18,056	-
Investments	24,031	8,477,131
Grants and other receivables	154,155	679,770
Inventory	67,146	-
Prepaid items	63,116	-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,168,115	1,323,424
Total assets	4,212,618	10,521,945
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	140,439	6
Other current liabilities	275,540	15,000
Long-term liabilities		
Net other post employment benefit obligation	493,380	
Due within one year	181,000	N
Due in more than one year	36,325	4,094,953
Total liabilities	1,126,684	4,119,330
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets	3,168,115	1,323,424
Restricted	18,056	1,166,572
Unrestricted (deficit)	(100,237) 3,912,619
Total net assets	\$ 3,085,934	\$ 6,402,615

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY For the year ended June 30, 2010 ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

					Net revent	Net revenue (expense)
		ū.	Program revenues	5	and change	and changes in net assets
		Charges for	Operating	Capital	Primary Government	Component Unit
		sales and	grants and	grants and	Governmental	Culture and
	Expenses	service	contributions	contributions	activities	Heritage Foundation
unctions/programs						
sovernmental activities						
Cultural and recreational	\$ 4,206,884	\$ 556,547	\$ 476,939	\$	\$ (3,173,398)	
Component Unit						
Culture and Heritage Foundation	\$ 1,217,018	\$	\$ 66,586	\$	\$	\$ (1,150,432)
	General revenues:					
	Appropriation				3,118,295	1
	Investment income				1,860	121,229
	Miscellaneous				6,389	
	Total general reve	revenues			3,126,544	121,229
	Change in net assets	ets			(46,854)	(1,029,203)
	Net assets, beginning of year	f year			3,132,788	7,431,818
	Net assets, end of year				\$ 3,085,934	\$ 6,402,615

Component Unit

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2010

JUNE :	50, 201	U				
		_	-	Other		Total
3.		General	Gov	ernmental	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
ASSETS		747.000	,		.	747.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	717,999	\$	-	\$	717,999
Cash and cash equivalents - Restricted		24.024		18,056		18,056
Investments		24,031		· =		24,031
Grants and other receivables		154,155		-		154,155
Inventory		67,146		-		67,146
Prepaid items		63,116	-		-	63,116
Total assets	\$	1,026,447	\$	18,056	\$	1,044,503
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		140,439		-		140,439
Other current liabilities	8	275,540		=======================================		275,540
Total liabilities		415,979		-		415,979
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for						
Inventories		67,146		(-)		67,146
Special revenue fund		33.254		18,056		18,056
Unreserved						
Designated for:						
Self-insurance		15,000		-		15,000
State advocacy fund		19,115		_		19,115
Undesignated, reported in general fund	7	509,207				509,207
Total fund balances	\$	610,468	\$	18,056	\$	628,524
RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Amounts reported for governmental activities i are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities	n the S					
and therefore are not reported in the fur						3,168,115
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the are not reported in the funds. Those liability		7.0	herefor	e "		
Compensated absences						(217,325)
Net other post employment benefit obli	igation				1 42	(493,380)
						(710,705)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES					\$	3,085,934

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the year ended June 30, 2010

		Other	Total		
	General	Governmental	Governmental		
	Fund	Fund	Funds		
REVENUES	41				
Appropriations	\$ 3,118,295	\$ -	\$ 3,118,295		
Other support	586,911	<u> </u>	586,911		
Program revenues	454,824	-	454,824		
Total revenues	4,160,030	<u> </u>	4,160,030		
EXPENDITURES					
Operations	2,451,453	-	2,451,453		
Programs	1,374,059	1.5	1,374,059		
Capital outlay	230,967		230,967		
Total expenditures	4,056,479	<u></u>	4,056,479		
Net change in fund balance	103,551	Ξ	103,551		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	506,917	18,056	524,973		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 610,468	\$ 18,056	\$ 628,524		

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended June 30, 2010

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 103,551
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds	
Compensated absences	5,699
Net other post employment benefit obligation	 (251,527)
	(245,828)
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the Statement of Revenue,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance; in the Statement of Activities	
these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capital outlay	186,389
Depreciation	(90,966)
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense	95,423
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (46,854)

CULTURE AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

On October 20, 1997, the York County Council formally adopted an ordinance to amend the York County Code by adding new sections to create a new commission to be known as the Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County (the Commission). The Commission assumed the duties and responsibilities of the Museum of York County and the York County Historical Commission. Additionally, the assets and property of the Museum of York County and the York County Historical Commission were transferred to the Commission. Also, the York County code sections relating to the Museum of York County and the York County Historical Commission were repealed.

The financial statements of the Commission have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles (GAAP) generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Commission also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 to its governmental and business-type activities and to its proprietary funds provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

REPORTING ENTITY

York County levies and collects property taxes for the Culture and Heritage Commission of York County (the Commission). Property tax revenue collected by the County is appropriated to the Commission by County Council and is the majority of the Commission's operating revenue. York County Council appoints members of the Commission's Board of Trustees, which is the Commission's governing authority. Accordingly, the Commission is considered to be a component unit of York County and its financial position and results of operations have been reported in the financial statements of York County.

The accompanying financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of the Commission only and do not include any financial information for the County or any other component unit of York County. The Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County - the primary government - is a discretely presented component unit of York County, South Carolina.

Component units are legally separate entities that meet any one of the following criteria: (1) the Commission appoints a voting majority of the board of the entity and is able to impose its will on the entity and/or is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the entity, (2) the entity is fiscally dependent upon the Commission, or (3) the financial statements would be misleading if data from the entity were not included. Component units may be presented by two different methods. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the Commission's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Commission. The Commission has no blended component units. The following discretely presented component unit, which has a June 30 fiscal year end, is included in the reporting entity.

Culture and Heritage Foundation

The Culture and Heritage Foundation (the Foundation) operates as a not-for-profit organization exclusively for the benefit of the museums, historic sites, nature conservatories and cultural facilities operated and supported by the Cultural and Heritage Commission of York County. The Foundation's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010 are available for public inspection at the Foundation's administrative office.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Commission's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide financial statements

The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Commission as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the statements.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the government activities for the Commission at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Commission's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the Commission. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Commission, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Commission.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Fund financial statements

During the year, the Commission segregates transactions related to certain Commission functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Commission at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The Commission reports the following major governmental fund:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources management* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are appropriated by the governmental entity. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of the Commission are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund financial statements

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Property taxes and appropriations associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - exchange and non-exchange transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the Commission, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the Commission receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include appropriations, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the Commission must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the Commission on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at year-end: appropriations, grants, interest, and charges for services.

Expenses/expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

Budget

The Cultural and Heritage Commission's Board of Trustees adopts an annual budget for the general and special revenue fund revenues and expenditures prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The budget is prepared on a consistent basis of accounting with actual financial statement results, including significant accruals, to provide meaningful comparisons. Throughout the year, amendments are made to the budget.

Cash and investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the Commission. Investments with a readily determined fair value are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB 31. State statutes authorize the Commission to invest in:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- 2. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;

- 3. Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in this section.
- 5. No load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of the Commission, if the particular portfolio of the investment company or investment trust in which the investment is made (i) is limited to obligations described in items (1), (2), and (5) of this subsection, and (ii) has among its objectives the attempt to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar a share and to that end, value its assets by the amortized cost method.

Intergovernmental receivable

Amounts due from federal grants represent reimbursable costs, which have been incurred by the Commission but have not been reimbursed by the grantor agency. Costs under grant programs are recognized as expenditures in the period in which they are incurred by the Commission.

Inventories and prepaid assets

The Commission's inventories consist of souvenirs held for resale. All inventories are valued at lower of cost or market using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased or produced.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Compensated absences

It is the commission's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused annual leave. Commission employees are permitted to accumulate up to 360 hours annual leave days. Annual leave is paid when taken, except for any unused portion of annual leave (360 hour maximum), which is payable upon termination, retirement or death. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated personal time off. Vacation pay that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it in the fund financial statements.

Use of estimates

The financial statements include estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. No depreciation is provided for developmental costs.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment

10-30 Years 3-7 Years

Fund equity

Reservations of fund balance represent amounts that are not appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Restrictions of net assets are limited to outside third-party restrictions. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Net assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition construction or improvements of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Commission or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

The Commission applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Subsequent events

In preparing these financial statements, the Commission has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition and disclosure through April 28, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Commission's deposits may not be returned to it. The Commission does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2010, the carrying amount of the Commission's deposits was \$736,055 and the bank balance was \$625,490. All of the Commission's deposits at year-end of were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held in the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the Commission's name. Petty cash funds of \$4,250 are reflected as cash on the general fund balance sheet.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the Commission had the following investments:

		Fair Value	 Carrying Value	Maturities
Mutual funds	\$	24,031	\$ 24,031	Various

Interest rate risk

The Commission does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Credit risk

The Commission has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than state law.

Concentration of credit risk

The Commission places no limit on the amount the Commission may invest in any one issuer.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

	Balance June 30, 2009	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2010
Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress Total capital assets at	\$ 2,191,966	\$ 180,569	<u>\$</u>	\$ (1,030,101)	\$ 1,342,434
historical cost not being depreciated	2,191,966	180,569		(1,030,101)	1,342,434
Capital assets being depreciated Building and improvements Furniture, fixtures and	1,281,950	5,820	(110)	1,030,101	2,317,761
equipment Total capital assets at	228,628		*		228,628
historical cost being depreciated	1,510,578	5,820	(110)	1,030,101	2,546,389
Less accumulated depreciation	(629,852)	(90,966)	110	•	(720,708)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	880,726	(85,146)	<u> </u>	1,030,101	1,825,681
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,072,692	\$ 95,423	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ 3,168,115

NOTE 4 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of the Commission's long term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2010 follows:

	Estimated long term liability for annual leave
	Governmental fund
Payable at July 1, 2009	\$ 223,024
Amounts incurred	174,940
Amounts retired	(180,639)
Payable at June 30, 2010	\$ 217,325
Amounts due within	
one year	\$ 181,000

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Retirement Plan

Substantially all Commission employees are members of the South Carolina Retirement System, (SCRS). These systems are cost-sharing multiple-employer plans administered by the Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board. The Plan offers retirement and disability benefits, cost of living adjustments on an ad hoc basis, and life and survivor benefits. The Plan's provisions are established under Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The State is authorized by statue to establish and amend all plan provisions. Covered payroll was \$2,018,152, \$2,040,512 and \$1,967,002 for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Generally all employees are required to participate in the SCRS or PORS as a condition of employment.

Under South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), employees are eligible for normal retirement with no reduction of benefits upon reaching age 65 or completion of 28 years credited service regardless of age. The benefit formula effective July 1, 1989, for the System is 1.82% of an employee's average final compensation multiplied by the number of years of credited service. An early retirement option with reduced benefits is available as early as age 60. Employees are vested for a deferred annuity after 5 years service and qualify for a survivor's benefit upon completion of 15 years credited service. A group-life insurance benefit equal to an active employee's annual rate of compensation is payable upon the death of an employee with a minimum of one year of credited service. Employees are required to contribute 6.50% of their salary for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008. The Commission is required to contribute 9.24% of employees' salary for the years ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 (9.06 % for the year ended June 30, 2008). In addition, the Commission pays .15% of payroll for group life contributions.

The Pension Plan provides death and disability as well retirement benefits. Both employees and employers are required to contribute to the Plan at rates established under authority of Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws.

NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, Continued

Contribution information for the year ended June 30, 2010 and the two years prior is as follows:

		mployee Amount	Contributions % of Wages		Employer Amount	Contributions % of Wages	 Total
SCRS	 		\$	S			
June 30, 2010	\$	131,181	6.50%	\$	186,477	9.24%	\$ 317,658
June 30, 2009		132,634	6.50%		189,482	9.24%	322,116
June 30, 2008		127,855	6.50%		182,006	9.06%	309,861

Ten year historical trend information presenting the retirement system's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Component Unit Financial Report issued annually by the South Carolina Retirement Systems.

A Comprehensive Annual Financial Report containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement System is issued and publicly available by writing the South Carolina Retirement System, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, S.C. 29211-1960.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The Commission offers its employees a deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) and 457 administered by the a separate commission under South Carolina Retirement Systems Office. ING currently serves as custodian of the investments. The plan is available to all Commission employees and permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. In effect, participating employees temporarily forgo access to the resources in exchange for the right to defer federal and state income taxes. Employees may not withdraw the deferred compensation except upon termination of employment or retirement, death, disability or qualifying hardship.

Effective during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1999, Federal legislation recharacterized the deferred compensation plan assets from Commission-owned to participant-owned assets. A significant beneficial result of this change is to protect plan assets against claims of the Commission's general creditors. Fiduciary responsibility for the plan was transferred to the third-party plan administrator. Consequently, the plan assets are no longer reported in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 6 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan description, contribution information, and funding policies

In addition to providing pension benefits, the Commission provides certain post-employment health care benefits for retired employees. The coverage is optional and not all retirees participate. All of the Commission's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they attain age 55 while working for the Commission, retire with a minimum of 10 years of service and are eligible for SCRS retirement. The Commission pays the full premium less retiree contribution of \$9.28 for single coverage and \$63.28 for spouse plus incremental cost for premium coverage (retiree premiums increase at the same rate as employer premiums).

NOTE 6 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, Continued

Annual OPEB costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The Commission first had an actuarial valuation performed for the plan as of June 30, 2008 to determine the funded status of the plan as of that date as well as the employer's annual required contribution (ARC) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. The Commission's annual OPEB cost of \$241,853 is equal to the ARC for the initial reporting year since the transition liability was set at zero as of June 30, 2008. The Commission's annual OPEB costs and the net OPEB obligation for June 30, 2010 was as follows (information for prior years prior to June 30, 2008 is not available as the actuarial valuation was performed for the first time as of June 30, 2008):

		June 30, 2010
Employer Normal Costs Amortization of UAL*	\$	127,602 114,251
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on Net Obligation	-	241,853 9,674
Annual OPEB costs Required employer contributions made		251,527
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net OPEB Obligation, beginning of year		251,527 241,853
Net OPEB Obligation, end of year	\$	493,380

^{*} Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAL) were amortized over 30 years.

The Commission's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Annual			
Fiscal	OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
Year	Cost	<u>Contributed</u>	grangetanista	Obligation
2009	\$ 241,853	0%	\$	241,853
2010	251,527	0%		493,380

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plans as of June 30, 2010, was as follows:

	 June 30, 2010
Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 1,975,624
Actuarial value of plan assets	-
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	1,975,624
Funded ratio	0%
Covered payroll	2,018,152
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a	
Percentage of covered payroll	97.89%

NOTE 6 - POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS, Continued

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events well into the future. Examples would include assumptions about future employment, rates of retirement, mortality, and health care cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

In the June 30, 2008, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit cost method on a closed basis was used. The UAAL amortization payment is the level annual payments required to fully amortize the UAAL over a 30 year period. The actuarial assumptions included 4.0% rate of investment return. The valuation assumes a 9.5% health care trend inflation rate for 2009 and decreases 0.5% each year until 2016, for 2017 and thereafter 6.0% was assumed. Dental cost trend inflation is assumed to be 5.0% per year.

NOTE 7 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the Commission expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, job related illnesses and injuries, and errors and omissions. The Commission is insured against such risks by the County which carries commercial insurance. The Commission carries employee health and accident insurance through the South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund which represents South Carolina government entities joined together in a public entity risk pool. The Commission purchases workmen's compensation insurance from a public entity risk pool. The public entity risk pool and the State Insurance Reserve Fund promise to pay to or on behalf of the insured for covered economic losses sustained during the policy period in accord with insurance policy and benefit program limits. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. There has been no significant reduction in coverage and amounts of settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years.

NOTE 9 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The Commission leases computer equipment under operating leases. Future minimum lease payments required under the operating leases are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30,	mini	Total mum lease ayments
2011	\$	15,223
2012		7,777
2013	-	5,499
	\$	28,499

NOTE 10 - ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Commission receives approximately 73 percent of its revenue from York County, of which it is a component unit. During the year ended June 30, 2010, this revenue totaled \$3,031,448.

For the year ended June 30, 2010

		Original & Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		Duuget	Actual	-	(Incharact)
Appropriations					
York County		\$ 2,861,525	\$3,031,448	\$	169,923
State of South Carolina		50,800	68,937	250	18,137
City of York		39,200	17,910	Quit = 1 7 - 17	(21,290)
Total appropriations		2,951,525	3,118,295	_	166,770
Other support					
Culture and Heritage Foundation		247,385	283,764		36,379
Fundraisers		125,125	106,097		(19,028)
Memberships		32,000	86,927		54,927
Gifts		235,375	110,123	-	(125,252)
Total other support		639,885	<u> 586,911</u>	-	(52,974)
Program revenues:					
Admissions and tours		65,527	59,660		(5,867)
Sales - shop and gallery		124,917	112,809		(12,108)
Public programs		71,300	45,664		(25,636)
Educational program and trip income		108,970	110,458		1,488
Grants		10,000	83,052		73,052
Building rentals		65,000	34,932		(30,068)
Interest and dividend income		7,500	1,860		(5,640)
Miscellaneous income		12,000	6,389	-	(5,611)
Total program revenues		465,214	454,824		(10,390)
Total revenues		4,056,624	4,160,030	-	103,406
EXPENDITURES					
Operational expenditures:					
Salaries		\$ 1,217,362	\$ 1,210,937	\$	6,425
Payroll taxes		89,128	95,184		(6,056)
Retirement		106,223	112,152		(5,929)
Health insurance		141,234	155,584		(14,350)
Workers' compensation		19,000	17,011		1,989
Insurance - general liability		54,000	50,355		3,645
Rentals		12,294	7,210		5,084
Lease		64,303	65,053		(750)
Telephone		54,974	54,445		529
Utilities		122,988	141,174		(18,186)
	-24-				(Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2010

	Original &		Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES, continued		Management and State of State	
Operational expenditures, continued:			
Postage	32,370	22,157	10,213
Printing - outside	52,184	33,975	18,209
Printing - inside	21,006	14,656	6,350
Office supplies	8,501	6,658	1,843
Licenses and permits	4,150	4,285	(135)
Special department supplies	23,860	14,145	9,715
Film and processing	14,500	4,577	9,923
Supplies/small tools	5,750	4,846	904
Auto expense	22,427	9,631	12,796
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles	3,500	9,984	(6,484)
Repairs and maintenance - building	34,000	65,687	(31,687)
Repairs and maintenance - equipment	7,350	1,686	5,664
Repairs and maintenance - grounds	11,450	25,236	(13,786)
Equipment purchases	5,435	13,664	(8,229)
Museum contractual fees	20,950	14,623	6,327
Service contracts	62,402	57,147	5,255
Janitorial supplies	9,750	7,489	2,261
Uniforms	=	22	(22)
Travel	10,704	2,981	7,723
Employee training	27,150	9,411	17,739
Institutional advancement	6,570	3,375	3,195
Audit fees and bookkeeping		1,530	(1,530)
Other professional services	57,350	23,498	33,852
Advertising	119,709	104,193	15,516
Design	42,675	31,395	11,280
Dues and publications	9,694	11,125	(1,431)
Library purchases	100	240	(140)
Cost of sales - shop and gallery	850	1,162	(312)
Hospitality, food and beverage	55,490	37,490	18,000
Bank and administration fees	6,300	9,146	(2,846)
Miscellaneous	12,858	(3,666)	16,524
Total operational expenditures	2,570,541	2,451,453	119,088

For the year ended June 30, 2010

	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
EXPENDITURES, continued			
Program expenditures:			
Salaries	908,551	829,113	79,438
Payroll taxes	65,862	60,988	4,874
Retirement	80,950	77,352	3,598
Health insurance	84,014	69,784	14,230
Rentals	10,755	10,080	675
Telephone		1,187	(1,187)
Postage	3,440	1,299	2,141
Shipping	358	493	(135)
Printing - outside	14,580	8,589	5,991
Printing - inside	1,195	1,309	(114)
Office supplies	3,130	2,787	343
Licenses and permits	55	25	30
Special department supplies	33,625	19,664	13,961
Curator/archival supplies	12,579	3,950	8,629
Film and processing	3,600	2,252	1,348
Supplies/small tools	3,000	1,857	1,143
Auto expense	15,758	11,394	4,364
Repairs and maintenance - vehicles	-	1,456	(1,456)
Repairs and maintenance - building	1,500	5,554	(4,054)
Repairs and maintenance - equipment	4,550	3,832	718
Repairs and maintenance - grounds	12,850	6,797	6,053
Museum contractual fees	73,925	48,129	25,796
Service contracts	6,650	12,547	(5,897)
Contract travel	1,700	500	1,200
Exhibitions	14,100	50,367	(36,267)
Janitorial supplies	91	265	(265)
Uniforms	1,600	706	894
Travel	9,998	7,369	2,629
Employee training	9,058	6,912	2,146
Institutional advancement	945	376	569
Other professional services	4,200	25,701	(21,501)
Advertising	≅ ∂	133	(133)
Design	6,500	2,920	3,580
Dues and publications	3,825	10,671	(6,846)
Library purchases	8,125	3,667	4,458
Cost of sales - shop and gallery	58,390	63,606	(5,216)
	*		(Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2010

K.	Original &		Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES, continued			
Program expenditures, continued:			
Museum consultants	4,050	4,060	(10)
Capital outlay	12,100	3,304	8,796
Hospitality, food and beverage	7,140	8,621	(1,481)
Interest expense	40	\$ = \$	40
Bank and administration fees	2,685	3,728	(1,043)
Miscellaneous	<u>700</u>	<u>715</u>	(15)
Total program expenditures	1,486,083	1,374,059	112,024
Capital outlay		230,967	(230,967)
Total expenditures	4,056,624	4,056,479	145
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	103,551	\$ 103,551
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR		506,917	
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR		\$ 610,468	

CULTURAL AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

The Commission's annual Other Post Employment Benefits Plan (OPEB) cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010:

Fiscal Year Ended	cal Year Ended Annual OPEB Cost		Net OPEB Obligation	
2009	\$241,853	0.00%	\$241,853	
2010	251,527	0.00%	493,380	

Funded status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	2009	2010
Actuarial accrued liability	\$1,975,624	\$1,975,624
Actuarial value of plan assets		
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability	\$1,975,624	\$1,975,624
Funded ratio	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$2,040,512	\$2,018,152
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a percentage of covered payroll	96.82%	97.89%



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Culture and Heritage Commission of York County Rock Hill, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Culture and Heritage Commission of York County, a component unit of York County, South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010 which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2011. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Culture and Heritage Foundation, Inc., a discretely presented component unit as described in our report on the Commission's financial statements. The financial statements of the Culture and Heritage Foundation, Inc. were not audited in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards. Except as discussed in the preceding sentence, we conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Culture and Heritage Commission of York County's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Culture and Heritage Commission of York County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our test disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended for the information of the board and management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Greenwood, South Carolina April 28, 2011

Eurost Daries LLC

CULTURE AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS For the year ended June 30, 2010

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the Commission's financial statements.
- 2. No material weaknesses or significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Schedule of Findings.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the Commission's financial statements were disclosed during the audit.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDIT

None reported.

CULTURE AND HERITAGE COMMISSION OF YORK COUNTY ROCK HILL, SOUTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the year ended June 30, 2010

None reported.